

**THE INFLUENCE OF COLLOIDAL ROUTE PREPARATION ON
STRUCTURE AND PROPERTIES OF RARE-EARTH DOPED NBS-GLASSES**

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The colloidal method of obtaining of $\text{Na}_2\text{O-B}_2\text{O}_3\text{-SiO}_2$ (NBS) glasses doped with rare-earth ions has been developed and the results of investigations of obtained glasses doped with Ce- and Sm- ions (0,5-4 wt.%) are examined. The process of glass preparing included the followings steps: dissolving of boric acid into acetone and acetic acid mixture; preparation of colloid system by adding of fumed silica (aerosil) into the result solution; adding of natrium as $\text{Na}(\text{NO}_3)_3$ and the salts of rare-earth elements. The reactives have been degree purity 99.99%. The colloid was dried from room temperature up to 60°C with the following heat treatment in the muffle furnace at the temperature $1280\text{-}1350^\circ\text{C}$ in 4-6 hour. The influence of molar ratio on particles dimensions and, as results, on materials properties has been investigated.